

ALLIES ARE READY TO RELEASE SALT REVENUE SURPLUS

Government Proposes Using
The \$3,000,000 To Res-
tore Bank's Credit

BUT WANTS MORE

Liang Shih-yi Likely to Op-
pose, Though His Influ-
ence Has Declined

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, June 13.—At a meeting of the Allied Ministers concerned in the Quintuple Group, held at the British Legation, yesterday, it was agreed, in principle, to release the surplus of the salt revenue and this will probably be done as soon as certain details have been settled. Sir Richard Dane was present at the meeting. It is believed that the surplus amounts to about three million dollars.

It is stated in well-informed circles that the Government is discussing the utilization of the surplus towards restoring the position of the Bank of China, leaving the notes of the Bank of Communications to be redeemed later, but, before the Bank of China can be properly re-established, it will be necessary to raise additional funds from other sources, although it is stated that the Bank of China has a reserve of \$6,000,000.

Such action is bound to meet with strong opposition from Liang Shih-yi, but there are indications that the latter has lost considerably in influence since the demise of Yuan Shih-kai. For example, it is understood that Liang Shih-yi tried to induce the Government to amalgamate the Bank of China with the Bank of Communications, but his scheme was not acceptable to the officials of the Bank of China, who therefore refused.

The vernacular papers state that the special commission for arranging the funeral of Yuan Shih-kai has proposed that his remains be buried in some conspicuous place, such as the Summer Palace, or the Western Hills, where a temple should be erected in honor of the deceased. Yuan Ko-ling, however, is opposed to the scheme, believing that he would be fulfilling his father's wishes if the latter's remains are buried at his native place, Changtehfu. It is stated that the coffin will probably be conveyed to Changtehfu about the 27th.

Tokio, June 12.—A battalion of infantry is going to Tientsin. It is officially stated that the measure is due to the desire of foreigners for increased protection.

Want Emperor's Restoration

The China Times says that Liang Ting-feng has gone to Nanking and tried to move Feng Kuo-chang to get him to help the movement for the restoration of Hsuan Tung, saying that Generals Chang Hsueh, Ni Shih-chung and Chang Hual-tse have supported the movement.

According also to reports which have reached Tokio Generals Chang Hsueh and Ni Shih-chung are trying to cause a change of the situation by advocating the restoration of the Emperor Hsuan Tung. The reports are drawing much attention in Tokio.

Discuss Amnesty

Peking, June 12.—President Li Yuan-hung and the Premier, Tuan Chi-jui, have different views about the question of amnesty to the party people and the monarchists. Tuan has proposed to effect amnesty in the same way in both cases while Li maintains not to treat the party people with the monarchists. The Minister of Justice has argued that the question may only be decided by asking the views of the parliament.

The monarchists are reported to be trying to get Tuan Chi-jui in their favor.

General Tuan Chi-jui has told his friends that he will remain in office until order is restored and afterwards he will retire from public life.

On June 10 the Chinese Government asked the Quintuple Bankers to hand over three or four million dollars out of the surplus of the Salt Gabelle to be used solely for the purpose of checking the troubles and

(Continued on Page 2)

FRENCH HOLD BACK UNTIL THEIR FOES EXHAUST STRENGTH

Verdun's Defending Armies
Will Then Engage In
Decisive Combat

ATTACK REPULSED

German Effort to West Of
Fort Vaux Ends In
Complete Failure

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, June 12.—A semi-official statement issued here says: "We are waiting calmly till the enemy are irretrievably exhausted before decisively counter-attacking."

The official communique issued this afternoon records the complete repulse of a German attack west of Fort Vaux.

London, June 11.—General Sir Douglas Haig reports: The Ypres salient continues to be the center of activity. The enemy heavily bombarded the southern portion, near Hill 60, also the town of Ypres and the trenches north of the Menin Road. There were no infantry actions, beyond an unsuccessful German attempt to rush one of our blocking posts.

Elsewhere, there was mining activity. Aerial operations were hampered by thunderstorms, but a Fokker was brought down.

Brick Was Ineffective In Ending Man's Life

Puzzle Is—How Did Despond-
ent Tsung Try to Kill Him-
self With It

Ordinarily a brick is a mild and harmless creature. There are cases on record where they have been used as weapons of offense and defense especially by belligerents of Irish extraction. But the first known case where a brick has been used in an attempted suicide was brought to light by the Mixed Court.

Tsung Kwang-soong is only a mafoo, but he will go down into history as the first man to try a brick for this purpose. It is no reflection on him or the brick that it was not successful, as the following will show:

Tsung mafoos for Mr. Aaron who lives on the Great Western Road. He and the houseboy had a run-in about something and the houseboy started to abuse him. Tsung abused back for a time but the more complete vocabulary of the houseboy soon vanquished him.

"So," testified Tsung, "I brooded." To cure the brooding and the sting of the houseboy's insults, the mafoo took a few drinks. Instead of soothing the wounds—as often happens—the wine only irritated them and Tsung went home firm in the determination to kill himself. He secured a piece of straw rope and went into the garden. He had tied the noose to a limb and was preparing to make the spring that would land him across the river Jordan when the middle-aged gardener came along and took the rope away from him.

The mafoo then had an inspiration. He removed his garters and was preparing to strangle himself with them when the gardener again saved him. In his testimony the gardener said that Tsung was greatly exasperated at this.

"There was a brick lying near," he continued, "Tsung took that and tried to kill himself with it."

Alas! What a vista of possibilities are opened up by this statement. The gardener failed to say how Tsung went about killing himself with the brick. Specialists in suicide have prepared the following lists of ways that the brick might have been used for self destruction:

Tsung might have slapped himself in the face with it until he became unconscious.

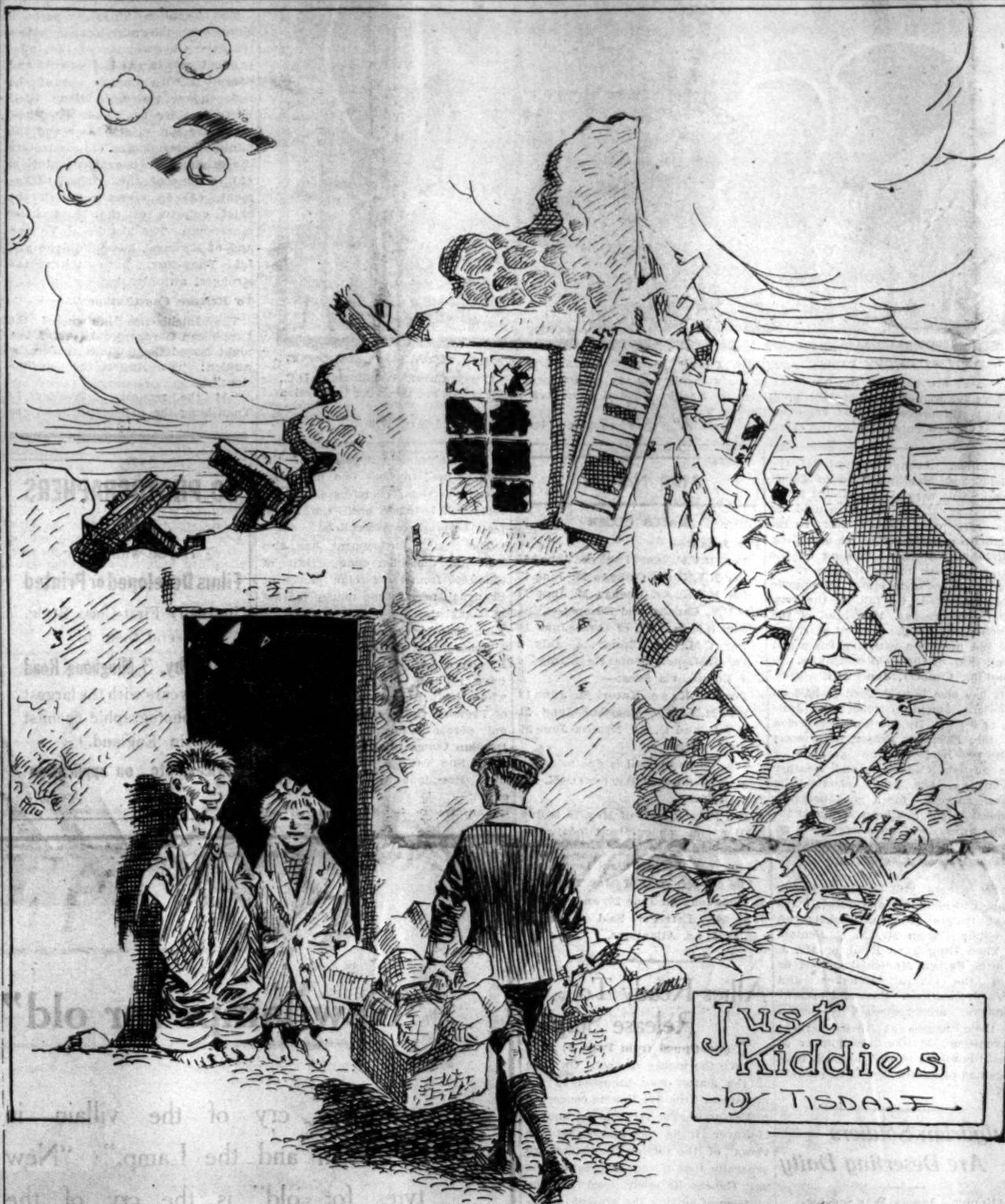
He might have placed it on the ground and dived upon it from a height.

He might have dissolved it and used the solution after the manner of poisons.

He might have tossed it into the air and run around underneath until his head got in the direct line of the fall.

At any rate the brick failed. Tsung was cautioned to leave bricks alone and released.

A Chance to Do Something for the Bereft Little Children of Heroic Belgium Is Offered You Today!



Coalition Ministry Is Probable Result Of The Italian War Crisis

All Most Prominent Statesmen
May Join; Country Wants
More Effective Action

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, June 12.—All parties emphasize that the political crisis is due to a desire to render Italy's participation in the war more effective and her union with her allies closer in all fields. The latest prospects are for the formation of a very strong coalition Cabinet, composed of all the most prominent statesmen.

U. S. NAVY TO CARRY MAILS?

Washington, May 26.—Representative Peter F. Tague of Massachusetts has introduced a resolution in the House of Representatives authorizing the transportation of mails on warships of the United States navy.

In presenting his resolution to the house, Representative Tague declared that the interference with United States mail by foreign belligerents should be stopped, and that the resentment of the American government should be backed by the full power of the United States navy.

The Weather

Heavy heat, followed by thunderstorms. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 83.8 and the minimum 72.8, the figures for the corresponding day last year being respectively 87.6 and 68.5.

Program for Children's Day At Race Course Is Complete

Today, weather permitting, will be a great day for the children of Shanghai, who will assemble to assist their unfortunate fellows in Belgium. With little less than a fortnight to get things in shape everyone has worked so well that something really good will be provided by the children of every allied nation.

The work, or pleasure, may be divided into two parts. The children are to amuse the adults, the grown-ups are to entertain the kiddies. All the schools are doing something. In the big concert tent managed by Mr. Quinn and Mr. Ezra the pupils of the Public School for girls will sing songs and dance an old English Morris Dance. The Shanghai High School will give national dances, arranged by Miss L. Sharp and numerous well known entertainers will also appear and make an excellent accompaniment to the drinking of extra special tea and the eating of some delicious homemade cakes.

Just inside the Cricket Club ground the Cathedral School will have a tent of their own decorated with the school colors under the management of Mrs. Dallas and a band of ladies. All refreshments provided here will have been provided by the boys and friends of the school.

At the Portuguese tea room will be served typical Portuguese cakes, made by the ladies of the Portuguese Benevolent Society and Lusitano Club. Music will be supplied by the lady mandolin orchestra who will play during the tea hour. In addition a number of young ladies will run a fish pond when many useful objects and toys for the children may be fished for 20 cents.

Lady Fraser and a crowd of ladies are also looking after various tea tents in which all sorts of wonderful delicacies will be served. Mr. Shepherd, of Shepherd's Cafe, has at least two big pavilions in which choice refreshments will be served. All these al fresco restaurants will be needed for over 4,000 people will turn up to join in the monster effort to help the Belgian children.

As soon as the crowd enter the gate a series of side shows can be visited until the end of the Police ground is reached. Every game and every stunt that can be imagined, from the chute to the Kindergarten games may be indulged in.

On the Cricket Club ground, from 5 p.m. to 7 p.m. various schools will present exhibitions. The St. Joseph's Institute are responsible for a decorated ricksha procession and a Flag Dance arranged by Miss Lowe. The Japanese School will give a drill display with some 500 boys. Other Japanese athletes will give exhibitions of wrestling.

The St. Xavier's College are giving some club swinging exercises. The Jewish school are down to entertain with Irish dances and Russian Dances. At 6.30 p.m. some 400 boys picked from the Cathedral, Public, and Thos. Hanbury School for girls is exhibition of drill and games. The Thos. Hanbury School for girls is providing a Red Cross Tableau. At 7 p.m. some 1,000 children will all assemble on the steps of the S.C.C. pavilion and under the baton of Mr. A. J. Stewart will sing the Belgian National Anthem. This will bring a notable afternoon to a close.

New York Expecting Hughes and Wilson In A Straight Contest

Recognise Strong Candidate Op-
posing President; Has Earn-
ed Great Respect

Reuter's Service

New York, June 12.—Although Colonel Roosevelt has not yet definitely promised to support Justice Hughes, the feeling is growing in America that the Presidential election will be a straight fight between Hughes and Wilson. The former is undoubtedly a very strong candidate, being greatly respected for his uprightness and abhorrence of graft.

Music for Today

The following program will, weather permitting, be played by the Band in the Public Recreation Ground this afternoon beginning at 5.30 o'clock:

- 1.—March "Pomp and Circumstance" Elgar
 - 2.—Overture "La Poupée de Nuremberg" Adam
 - 3.—Waltz "Wedding of the Winds" Hall
 - 4.—Selection "La Favorita" Donizetti
 - 5.—Chorus "Il Bivacco" Petrella
 - 6.—Selection "The Dairymaids" Rubens
- A. DE KROYER,
Conductor-in-charge.

RUSSIANS MENACE CZERNOWITZ, CHIEF CITY OF BUKHOVINA

Brussiloff's Victorious Le-
gions Have Already
Reached Suburbs

A GERMAN RESCUE?

Petrograd Doesn't Hide Ex-
pectancy of Big Effort
To Succor Austrians

SMASHED BY GUNS

Tsar's Artillery Proves Im-
mensely Superior; Cossack
Charge Completes Rout

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, June 12.—An official communique states that the Russians have approached the suburbs of Czernowitz, the capital of Bukhovina.

Although the Germans are taking the offensive in one or other region of the Russian front, such actions can be looked upon as purely demonstrative. No doubt, however, exists that they will undertake active measures to assist the defeated Austrians.

Such assistance might take the shape of an energetic offensive against some sector of the Russian front north of the Pripiat, or else they may throw their reserves on to the roads by which the Austrians are retreating and bear the whole brunt of the fighting themselves. Either maneuver needs time and in this fact lies the explanation for the present comparative inactivity of the Germans.

It transpires that the capture of Lutsk by the Russians was so precipitate that the Archduke Frederick had a narrow escape from capture. He lunched there and the Russians arrived shortly afterwards. The Austrians had no time to destroy the stations or bridges.

The inhabitants received the troops with wild enthusiasm, kissing their hands and rifles.

1,500,000 Men With Brussiloff

Amsterdam, June 12.—A telegram from Vienna states that the Russian General Brussiloff has 1,500,000 under his command.

London, June 12.—The full extent of the Russian victory is becoming even more evident. The Russians have torn two huge rents in the Austrian front and the Austrians are making desperate efforts to repair these, scraping troops and guns from the Trentino and Isonzo fronts and even withdrawing men from Albania.

The largest rent, the northern one, has a front of forty miles, with its center at Lutsk, while the southern rupture extends roughly from Buczacz to the junction of the Stryba and Dniester, a distance of fourteen miles. All accounts agree on the superiority of the Russian artillery, which reduced the enemy's trenches to a mass of powdered concrete, burst sand-bags and other debris, mingled with mutilated corpses and fragments of flesh.

The Russian advance artillery preparation was followed up by waves of fresh young infantry, trained to concert-pitch, who swept like an avalanche through the remnants of entanglements and across hidden pits filled with deadly spikes, overwhelming the Austrians, who, dazed, surrendered in battalions. The Russian losses were heavy, but the masses of steel and blood, without faltering, rushed on the second and third lines. Then Cossacks swooped down on the demoralised Austrians, completing the work of the infantry.

Cotton Spinners Win Five Per Cent Raise

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 12.—Sir George Asquith has granted a five per cent advance to the cotton-spinners.

ULSTER SHOWS LIKING FOR LL. GEORGE'S PLAN

Practically Certain to Accept
Proposals; All Done On His
Own Responsibility

(Reuter's Agency War Service).
London, June 12.—At the National
ist conference, Mr. John Redmond
stated that all parties wished Mr.
Lloyd George success in his mission.
He emphasised that there had been
no conference between the Irish
parties and neither had made any
proposals to the Government. Mr.
Lloyd George's plans had been
formulated on his own responsibility.

The Ulster Unionist Council, which
meets at Belfast, today, is practically
certain to accept Mr. Lloyd George's
scheme.

Mr. Asquith addresses his con-
stituents at Ladybank on the 14th.
It is expected that he will deal with
very important topics, including the
war situation and Ireland.

Program Completed For Local Fire Brigade Jubilee Celebrations

Procession, Inspection, Displays
By Past and Present Mem-
bers and Concert

The celebration of the 50th an-
niversary of the Shanghai Fire
Brigade will be held on next Saturday,
17th inst. and will take the form of
procession, inspection and displays
by past and present members of the
Shanghai and French Concession
brigades. In the afternoon, and a
torchlight procession in the evening,
to be followed by an exhibition of
work on a burning building (weather
conditions permitting). The detailed
program is as follows:—

Afternoon

The brigades will fall in at 2.45 p.m.
at the corner of the Bund and Avenue
Edward VII, the head of the pro-
cession to be opposite the Shanghai
Club. The procession, headed by a
squad of very old members in uniform
will move off at 3 p.m. and will
proceed via The Bund and Nanking
Road to Thibet Road. Upon arrival
at Thibet Road the brigades will
march past the saluting base, and
will subsequently be inspected by the
members of both Councils, after
which, the past and present members
will be formed up in front of the
official stand for the presentation of
Municipal Council Attendance Cups
and Long Service Medals. A photo-
graph will then be taken. The
course will then be cleared for dis-
plays by the past and present mem-
bers of the brigade as follows:—

(1) Display with original gear by
very old members (1866-1890) under
Mr. Brodie A. Clarke.

(2) Display with horse and pony
gear by old members (1890-1905)
under Mr. A. W. Burkill.

(3) Display with motor gear by
present members under Chief Officer
M. W. Pett and Captain Dantin.

The afternoon's proceedings will
be terminated with an exhibition of
the pumping capabilities of the motor
pumps.

Evening

The brigades will fall in for torch-
light procession at 9 p.m. at the
corner of the Bund and Soochow
Road, the head of the procession to
be at the foot of the Garden Bridge,
and will proceed via the Bund,
French Bund, Rue du Consulat, Rue

Clad in Army Khaki Women Drill at Chevy Chase



WOMEN AT CHEVY CHASE MILITARY CAMP. Below PRESIDENT & MRS. WILSON. (APR. 1916)

Here are some of the "rookies" at the women's military encampment at Chevy Chase, Washington, D.C., where 300 women, most of them prominent in Washington and New York social circles are receiving instruction which will prove of great value in time of war.

On the opening day of the camp, the "rookies" were reviewed by President and Mrs. Wilson.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—

Per R.V.F. s.s. Poltava June 16

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo M. June 17

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. June 17

For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—

Per R.M. s.s. E. of Asia June 16

Per C.M. s.s. China... July 2

Per R.M. s.s. Montague... July 4

For Europe, via Suez:—

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Katori M. June 18

Per M.M. s.s. Magellan June 21

Per P. and O. s.s. Nyansa June 26

Mails to Arrive:—

The American mail is due to arrive

here on or about today, per O.S.K. s.s.

Hawaii Maru.

The French mail of May 14 is due

at Hongkong on or about today, and

here on June 15. Left Colombo on

June 4, per M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat.

The French mail of May 28 is due

at Hongkong on June 26, and here on

June 30. Left Port Said on June 3,

per M.M. s.s. Atlantique.

Allies Ready To Release Surplus

(Continued from Page 1)

to save the money market. On June
12 the matter was discussed by the
ministers of the five Powers concerned
in Peking but the result is not known.
However it is understood that the
views of the foreign ministers are
generally that if the surplus of the
Salt Gabelle be solely used for the
purpose of solving the present situa-
tion by checking any of the troubles
and for saving the money market they
will not necessarily oppose the request

but will absolutely oppose it if the
sum be used to help one particular
party or faction. Therefore no definite
reply will be made until the actual
facts be properly ascertained.

The Peking government has also
asked at the same time a loan of
\$2,000,000 from the foreign banks at
Shanghai, to save the money market
in Shanghai.

Tong Shao-yi As Premier?

According to the Sinwanpao
President Li Yuan-hung is said to
have replied to a question as to
whom he will consider for the post
of Premier, that Tong Shao-yi is the
only person he desires to appoint.

Dr. Sun Congratulates President

Dr. Sun Yat-sen has wired to the
new President to the following
effect:—

You are to be congratulated on

taking up the Presidency on
June 5th. In China despotism pre-
vailed for several thousand years
and the Republic is quite new. But
Republicanism has been destroyed
and the State has been destroyed.
To settle the troubles it is highly
desirable to erase all that your
predecessor has done. All the illegal
enactments of laws after the dis-
solution of the original parliament
should be cancelled and then a new
era will be seen and all the disputes
will be ended and there will be hope
for the future. I hope you will
carry out your higher mission with
the spirit of a brave man, by respec-
ting the legal administration.

Independents' Terms

The Tsunhua Sinpao reports a
Hongkong telegram which states
that the Chunyuuan of the Inde-
pendent provinces has wired and
consulted with the Tutuhs of the
Independent provinces about their
views to solve the situation. Their
views are almost the same and the
minimum terms are (1) to restore
the original provisional constitution,
(2) to convene the original parlia-
ment, (3) to severely punish the
chief culprits of the Monarchical
movement. The Tutuhs of Yunnan
and of Kwangsi, Tang Shih-yao and
Lu Yung-ting, have taken the
strongest attitude.

To Restore Constitution

The Intelligence Bureau of the
Republican Government of China last
night issued the following under the
caption: "To Restore the Constitu-
tion:—"

"At the request of President Li
Yuan-hung the Republican leaders at

Shanghai have appointed Messrs.
Tang Hua-lung, Fan Yuan-lin, Ku
Chung-hsin, and Chang Chi to
proceed to Peking to confer with the
President as to the procedure to be
followed in restoring the Constitution
of the First Year of the Republic.
"Mr. Tang Hua-lung left for Peking
last evening for this purpose, and the
three other gentlemen will follow
later."

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Centrifugal Gun Newest Triumph of U. S. Inventor

Puts 'Busy Berthas' of Kaiser In Shade; No Powder, No Noise and Costs Little

New York, May 2.—A new type of gun, the invention of an American citizen, sponsored by Mrs. Kathryn M. Stanton of Whitestone, R. I., is to be tried out at Fort Hanepeck. Remarkable tests recently made under Government supervision with a practical model at the Sandy Hook proving grounds, forecast that the weapon will completely revolutionize modern warfare and make Mme. Krupp von Bohlen's "Busy Berthas" archaic.

Uses No Powder

The new gun is operated without powder, is noiseless as well as smokeless, and propels projectiles of any sort, ranging from eggs and dynamite to cast-iron balls.

It has no barrel and can be operated by an untrained man or woman.

Its aim is more accurate than the present type of ordnance, and it can be operated from an automobile or grass plot as easily as from the deck of a Dreadnaught.

Simple in construction, its parts can be made in an ordinary machine shop at one-tenth of the cost of a gun using an explosive, and its weight is such that it can easily be transported.

Packed in Three-Foot Box

A model which can be packed in a three-foot, cube-shaped box, has enough power to accurately project missiles to a distance of from six to seven miles.

Mrs. Stanton, who is an ardent believer in preparedness, assisted the inventor in perfecting the gun, and her husband, Frank McMillan-Stanton, a prominent mining engineer,

brought it to the attention of the Government.

Tests Surprise Officers

The gun was shipped to Fort Hamilton for trial. The tests so surprised the Army officers that a second trial was arranged to take place at Sandy Hook. Here officers ranking from Lieutenants to Generals, officials from the War Department in Washington and engineers were unanimous in declaring that the new principle gun was the coming weapon of future warfare. "It is such a simple-looking piece of machinery," they said; "but it is a devilish piece of mechanism."

At their request Mrs. Stanton agreed to finance the building of a real destructive gun.

Claims Centrifugal Force

The fundamental principle of the new gun is the harnessing of centrifugal force. It can be operated by any sort of motor, including hand power, and is foolproof.

Its accuracy of aim and the distance at which it is effective are dependent upon the velocity and angle at which the missile is released. These are automatically controlled by speedometers and range scales.

The projectiles are shot from a dead flat surface, starting at rest and attaining their ultimate velocity before being released.

BIG GERMAN MAIZE FIRE

Copenhagen, May 12.—The Kieiser Zeitung states that a large factory at Aspe, near Neumunster, where many thousands of tons of Government maize were stored for conversion into cattle food, was completely destroyed by fire on Wednesday.

The maize was all destroyed and the damage is estimated at several hundred thousand marks.

MAORI TREE-FELLERS WIN FROM THE FRENCH

Cutting Duel Of Rival Woods-men Has An Exciting Finish

By W. Beach Thomas
British Headquarters, France,
May 11.—I have been hearing stories of the experiences of the Australians in the trenches. An early one was a German raid of a sort that is becoming almost stereotyped.

A stretch of front trench rather less than 100 yards in extent is bombarded furiously for an hour and a half at night. A curtain of fire is drawn behind it and a more moderate bombardment delivered on either flank. If the bombardment has been sufficiently thorough the trench is half filled in and the barbed wire blown away. A raiding party, sometimes up to 100 in number, then dashes across the intervening space, picks up what relics may be left in the trench in either men or material, and returns home at once.

The actual time of the enemy in the trench does not in a normal case exceed ten minutes.

I have also heard from the Anzacs—the word is now adopted in official reports and is likely to be established as a classical and historical title—a suggestive description of their first social experiences in France. In spite of the concentration of German bombardments they find France in some sort a Paradise after Gallipoli. It is a human place, they say. They have and enjoy their days of leisure in rest billets, where they make friends with the children, who adore about equally their sombrero hats and their cheerful ways, and in general find life a pleasant thing.

They are intensely interested in the aerial fighting, which they had never seen before. What they have chiefly to learn as soldiers is the duty of keeping out of sight of the eagle eyes of German observers using the best glasses from the vantage point of

"the captive sausages," now multiplying all along the line. A Frenchman said of the Anzacs the other day, among other terms of praise, "They are just like our own people," and they have found like pursuits. There is presently to take place a great triangular duel in tree-cutting, in which the Canadians also are to share. The event arose out of a local challenge. A French woodsman asked a Maori how long he would take to fell a certain tree. He said "a minute" and the incredulous forester dared him to fulfil the contract. He accepted and was four-second seconds inside his time.

An impromptu match was then made up, in which each of a team of Maoris and Frenchmen had to fell two trees, the French using their long-headed, heavy axes, and the Maoris, the lighter, broader British axe. One Maori, in felling his second tree, so that it hit and knocked down the half-severed first tree, found both held up by a third and had to cut this down also so as to complete the severance. But, even so, his side finished a few minutes to the good.

It is a nice question whether the Frenchmen most admired the Maoris' strength or the Maoris the French neatness. Each recognised in the other a master of his craft.

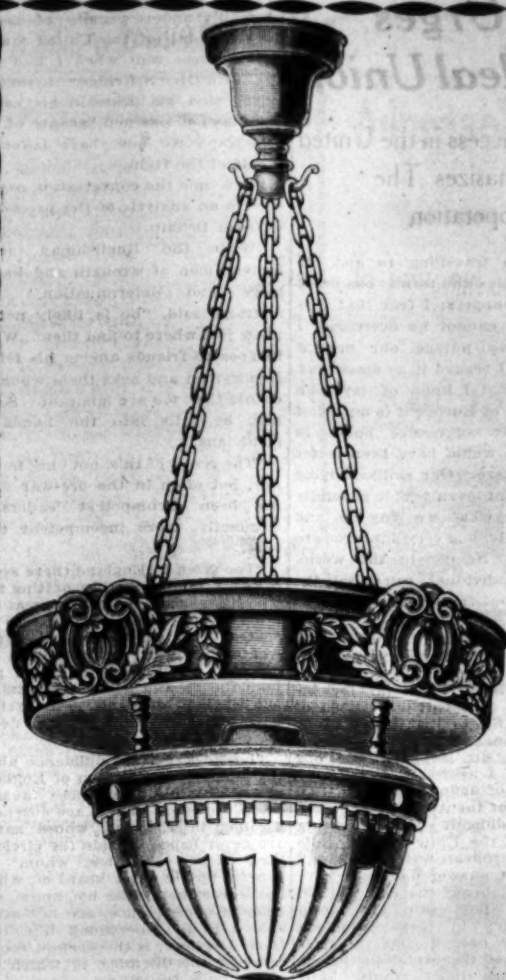
CHAPLAIN OF COMMONS DIES

Archdeacon A. B. O. Wilberforce Wrote Many Religious Works

London, May 14.—The Venerable Albert Basil Orme Wilberforce, Archdeacon of Westminster and Chaplain of the House of Commons since 1886, died yesterday at his home, 20 Dean's Yard, Westminster Abbey, S. W., in his seventy-sixth year.

He was the youngest son of the late Samuel Wilberforce, Bishop of Oxford and later of Winchester, and was educated in Eton and Exeter College, Oxford University. In 1866 he was ordained as Chaplain to the Bishop of Oxford, later becoming curate of Cuddesdon, Oxfordshire. He was made rector of St. Mary's Church in Southampton in 1871. During 1894-1899 he was Canon of Westminster, and at the time of his death was rector of St. John's, Westminster.

The Archdeacon was the author of a number of religious works, the last of which was "The Power That Worketh in Us," and which was published in 1910. He was noted for his zealous work in the cause of temperance.



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10th June, 1916

International Import & Export Co., Present.

Dear Sirs:

Before we decided to use your wonderful Brascolite, we used from 40 to 50 electric lamps in our store, for our windows and general office.

We were, however, very dissatisfied with them because of the dull light they gave, and, moreover, the large amount of electricity consumed meant a big bill to pay. After your firm advertised the Brascolite we decided to install it in our store, and accordingly purchased two. We are pleased to say that our electricity bill has decreased to a great extent, and the powerful rays of the Brascolite are sufficient to make our windows and general office as well-lighted and brilliant in appearance as we could wish.

We have also heard from other firms that they much appreciate the Brascolite and have reason to think that it is no idle boast that Brascolite is the sun's only rival.

Faithfully yours,
Tabagueria Filipina.

34 Nanking Road.

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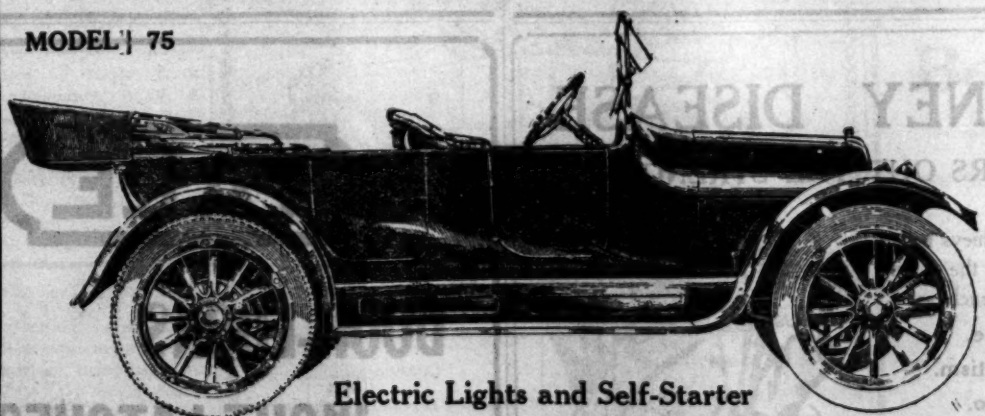
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Famous Merchant Urges Anglo-American Ideal Union

Selfridge, Who Has Won Business Success in the United States and in England, Emphasizes The Necessity for Broader Co-operation

By Edward Marshall

Here are the international views of an international American.

Harry Gordon Selfridge, now London's greatest retail merchant, once the partner of Marshall Field in the world famous Chicago store, in the article which follows expresses himself freely for the first time since the war began.

He knows America and he knows England, knows Americans and Englishmen; he thinks the two peoples really are one and that each should work toward the full fruition of that thought.

He believes that if they do this they may control the world so long as their ideals are worthy, and he believes that only such co-operation can bring permanent peace and assure uninterrupted progress.

I asked him to make some prediction, if he would, of what the relations between America and England will be after the war ends.

"I hope," said he, "that first of all something will occur to change the judgment of the Englishman with regard to fundamentals of ideals in the United States."

"It is the general belief here that Americans love business for the sake of its mere money profits. That is not true. They are of a racial temperament which easily is fascinated by any game of skill, as polo, bridge, or even poker."

"I believe that I am typical of those Americans of middle age and older who remain in business, though long since they may have gained prosperity. They do not do it for the money there is in it; they do it for the game."

"Of all the games man has invented business to those who play it well is the most fascinating. Americans turn to it, I believe, quite as the German Emperor turned to war. It grips them with fierce interest when other pursuits pall. But the business players, if they play aright, advance the world. The war gamester sets it back."

"It is a pity that we have permitted the conviction to be formed on this side that our thoughts in free America are principally of money. It has injured our prestige. Prestige in the best sense means well won esteem of fellow men. Therefore it is probably the greatest thing the world can offer. Big, understanding English minds, and there are many here, can and do see the truth about us, but the mass of British people do not see it in the least."

"All these things must be entirely understood before it is possible for any man to form an estimate of what the feeling probably will be between the States and England after the great war. It is not now as friendly as for a long time, but it is not as that which is not for us is against us."

"There is a real reason for the sagaciousness that after peace has come, the friendliness between the nations may be less affectionate than I for one could wish, less friendly than will be obviously to the best interests of the two great nations."

"The basis of the growing coolness is that same mistaken thought—that we Americans think principally of money, and that as a consequence we are not doing what we should in this great battle for the preservation of the civilization of the world."

"Whether or not this is misjudgment those who render it not quickly will reverse it. Peoples do remember things, you know, as persistently as individuals remember things."

"We remember, for example (or I hope most of us do), that France and the French Lafayette rushed to our aid when our young nation struggled in its birth throes, and that later, in 1898, Britain said, 'Hands off!' to Germany, who otherwise almost surely would have joined Spain in the war against us."

"Had there been no France, no Lafayette, there might have been no free America. Had there been no Britain it is possible that the little war with Spain might have been a mighty struggle. Germany, ranged with our weak, mistaken opponents, certainly would have made them mighty, though she could not have made them right."

"Now what is the situation? We see France and Britain locked in a death struggle with a powerful foe, who certainly in 1898 was not our friend. What are we doing for the people who befriended us? Must we let them believe that we are principally moved by the desire to profit from their stress? I regretfully confess that while this view is not quite justified there surely are excuses for it."

"There is no lack of gratitude in England for the generosity of some details of our popular procedure. English men and women applaud and quite appreciate the splendor of our gifts to suffering Belgium."

"But the English people as a whole—not the Government, mind you, nor English people of the thoroughly informed type, but the people as a whole—are wondering why we stand and have stood so aloof when in the battle which we watch not only have our friends been injured terribly but our own face has been slapped repeatedly."

"So I am sure that the United States has risked or even sacrificed immense prestige in England—I am not qualified to speak of France—and perhaps in her own soul through too much letter writing and no actual doing."

"One notes a growing feeling of distrust of us among the British people. It is evidenced by the talk

of workmen travelling to and from upon the trains and trams; one hears it among shoppers; I fear that it is general. It cannot be overcome, I think, if we pursue our present policy, and I regard it as disastrous."

"From what I know of my own country and of Europe it is my belief that a more aggressive policy in Washington would have been better there and here. Our shillyshallying has made European people generally fail to care what we may do, and such an attitude is very dangerous to friendships. No one in the world, nation or individual, can wisely be careless about friendships."

"I am sorry to feel forced to say such things. I say them with the dearest friends I have or ever shall have there in the United States, not here in England. I can only feel intense regret as a patriotic citizen of the United States that our attitude has not been positive."

"To what do you attribute our mistakes?" I asked.

"To lack of definite determination on the part of the American who has the very difficult job of being President of the United States while the great European war progresses," Mr. Selfridge answered.

"It seems to me that Mr. Wilson planning a hop, skip and jump foreign policy in these troublous days made a poor hop at the start with regard to the brutal sinking of the Lusitania, then a faulty skip when he dealt with the assaults upon American ships, and now on endeavoring finally to emerge from the dilemma he finds himself confronted by a jump which may well prove beyond his power because his earlier progressions were not well developed."

"I for one refuse to guess where he will land."

"Personally I do not admire his course in keeping out of this great war which seems certain to involve the life or death of almost every principle valued in our government and our ideals."

"Just what we could have done if we had entered does not matter very much. Surely the Allies could have made slight use of our pitiful little fighting force. What might have been of service to them was our moral force."

"Individually I know that the United States is sound of heart and absolutely right in aspirations. England was beginning to believe this to be true. Our altruistic course with helpless peoples, after the Spanish war helped to convince her. Our general Pan-American policy, devised to quiet turbulent and undeveloped peoples, not to oppress them but to help them to make good, was quite appreciated here and tended to improve our prestige."

"Those were influences to quicken pulses, moisten eyes, render friendly handclaspings lingering and make dreams comfortable. They were superb expressions of what I believe to be the true Americanism. We aim to be—we, as a people, long to be—leaders of international altruism. But—"

Mr. Selfridge paused.

"If England had but dreamed of the necessity which actually existed for the telling of her story in the States!" he said at length. "It was not told there; it has not yet been told there."

"There are so many things which England does not know! Englishmen are islanders. This has not hampered their respect for other peoples, but it has excluded them from real appreciation of differing psychologies."

President Wilson's recent note demanding that Germany conduct her warfare in accordance with the principles of international law and of humanity, under penalty of losing the friendship of the United States, had not been sent when I had this talk with Mr. Selfridge. I venture to say that his pride in his native land has not lessened because of the firm stand we now have taken in behalf of the right.

For a time the conversation passed here to an analysis of the procedure of Great Britain.

"When the Englishman needs leaders, men of strength and knowledge and determination," Mr. Selfridge said, "he is likely not to know just where to find them. When he goes to friends among his fellow countrymen and asks them whom to choose they too are ignorant. So, at last, he falls into the hands of politicians."

"The result of this, not only in this war, but often in the pre-war days, has been incompetent leadership, frequently more incompetent than ours."

"Too often in England there seems to be a prejudice against putting men who have succeeded in the great and practical affairs of civil life into the control of public affairs. Always, in whatever country, it is within the power of such men to brush prejudice aside and assume leadership, but England does not seem yet to have arrived at that point of determination."

"I note a certain diffidence about the ablest practical men of England, rooted in old prejudices against trade, perhaps. There are dozens of big men in England whose names are never listed outside the circle of their close associates, whom the general public never heard of, whom the Government does not know, and who, in consequence, are not available for an emergency like this. Here, I believe, is the deepest rooted cause of the dilemma in which the nation finds herself."

"When an emergency occurs in the United States the leading man in the particular branch of practical knowledge which is most involved in it is interviewed by an intelligent and quite free press and the public is informed by him. Over here such things do not occur."

"There are too much sport and too much politics in England. The press and the people's minds are full of these things, often to the exclusion of great matters of real importance."

"With a part of this I have no quarrel. I myself love sport and the competitive spirit which it stirs among the young. What I object to is the fact that British youth, yes, and the British men and women who are so well posted upon sport, are wholly ignorant of the genuinely bigger, more important things which vitally concern their governmental management and their national development. The employer of 10,000 people is not known in England, and England, not the great employer, is the loser by the fact. And so England, no less than the United States, errs in her procedure with regard to the relationships of the two nations."

"With all my heart I want and hope to see those things accomplished which will bring about right feeling between the English speaking peoples in America and here. With all my heart I want a fuller understanding, closer sympathies, governmental co-operation between America and England."

"We are naturally brethren. Generically we are honest peoples. We have the same standards of decency and right and progress. There is not a question of world policy upon which we do not agree, at heart; yet there is scarcely any question of world policy on which we do agree with practical co-operation."

"That is wrong. I believe that in the sketches of our differing mental habits I have hinted at the reasons lying back of the mistakes. Surely they might be counteracted."

"I want England to get from the United States virility, initiative, openness of mind and freedom of expression. You note that I do not say frankness of expression. That she has already, when she speaks, to a degree which we have not and might well copy. But she too often does not speak. She suffers from her own reserve."

"I want my country to learn much from England. First of all, that frankness, then calmness, honesty of underlying purpose, unalterable determination along lines of progress well planned in advance."

"With all my heart I want to see these two great English speaking nations joined in bonds of union, sentimental and of every other worthy sort. It would be to our good, England's good, the good of the whole world. I deplore any step which may prevent this or delay it. But if selfishness on our side and insularity on this keep up the rate of progress must be slow and may be wholly stopped."

"For Americans and Englishmen not to be close friends is an absurdity. We are the only two great people in the world who think by direct process. Our human nature is identical. The only differences between Yorkshire and Iowa lie in the accents, which are outgrowth of old habits and local conditions."

"Both peoples, in the main, are altruistic. The English, more than any other race, have borne the 'white man's burden.' America began to do likewise when she started to develop black men after the civil war, and she added to her philanthropic load when she took in charge poor Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines."

"We agree on all broad principles of life, and not even the ideas of right and wrong are so exactly similar among any other two great peoples. We seek the same ends with our labor, enjoy the same things, love the same things. Governmentally we have the same ideas if not the same ideas."

"We are the two great peace lovers among the nations. We could make ourselves so strong, so representative of right, that by our worthy influence first, and then, if that were not effective, by our irresistible

power, we could dominate the world, compelling decency, decorum and progress."

"The fortunes of the world would be safe in our hands. For a century we have failed to find just cause of complaint, one against the other; the longest boundary in the world lies between Canada and the United States, and is not fortified. Another century's end, I am quite sure, will find us still at peace. We have been the world's policeman. The sand-bagger criticises the policeman while the respectable citizen applauds him."

"We should be big enough, and strong enough and clever enough, if we only joined hands for the purpose, to keep the world in a progressive tranquillity such as it never has enjoyed."

"It was a world misfortune that we ever drifted from each other by so much as one psychological inch. If any of us or if all of us can formulate a plan which will be big enough and honest, enough for the accomplishment of a new, unswerving friendship it will go through and become fact. If one attempt at trickery is made, if one taint of selfishness creeps into the endeavor, it cannot be successful."

"That some one may arise to try it and that the effort may be successful has become one of my great hopes."

I asked Mr. Selfridge to speak definitely about those trade relationships which he said would follow friendship.

"America," said he, "produces a tremendous amount of merchandise which Great Britain wants, and vice versa. The two must treat one another as good neighbors do. That's all."

"The protective tariff policy probably will gain favor in England after the war, but we already have a tariff, while Great Britain has none, and if for recuperative purposes she adopts one we shall have no just cause for complaint."

"At the beginning of the war trade relationships were quite delightful and freer than ever before they had been. At present they are very difficult and England is the underdog. While three or four millions of her workers are engaged in fighting, she is forced to buy from us in an abnormal quantity, while we, her transatlantic neighbors, are at peace and producing for ourselves. This situation should incline us as a nation toward showing her particular consideration, but it has not done so."

"My firm, as a group of merchants, has cancelled several trips abroad of buyers, because we did not think it wise to send British money out of England."

"But after the war England will have to change some of her habits which were born of her excessive wealth and perhaps we gradually may change some of our own which are the consequences of excessive youth."

"England's purchases will principally be of food, which she cannot grow, and ours will be principally of manufactured products which can be made here cheaper or better than we ourselves can make them."

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Says the Committee on Infant and Invalid Diet of the Medical Missionary Association of China



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Weak kidneys never fail to give the warning signals, such as:—

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- Gravel.
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- Irregular Action of the Heart.
- Lassitude.
- Sciatica.
- Dizziness.



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They have come to believe they can never be cured (this very hopelessness is in itself one of the sure signs of kidney disease), and so they keep at their work as best they can, allowing their complaint to take its course.

If your health is not what it was, don't rest until you have found out the cause. If you have backache, urinary disorders, gravel—if the heart is irregular, the skin sallow or bloated, the limbs weak and shaky—should you have rheumatic pains, chilly sensations or dizzy spells—begin with Doan's Backache Kidney Pills at once, for your kidneys are to blame, and neglected kidney trouble is fatal. You can be cured by Doan's Backache Kidney Pills—cured quickly and permanently.

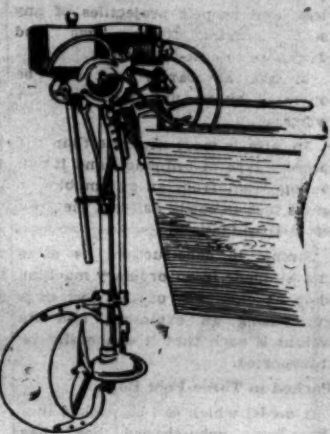
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SPORTS - Latest News of Athletic World - GOSSIP

WILMINGTON DIVIDES
HONORS WITH NANKING

Plenty Of Hits, Runs And Errors
In Both Games; Shanghai
Challenged

Special Correspondence of The China Press

Nanking, June 10.—Nanking and the U.S.S. Wilmington divided honors and each took one game in the series opened this week. The Wilmington took the first game 17-11. It was featured by heavy hitting on both sides and a general exhibition of poor fielding by the Nanking team. McCloy was forced to retire in favor of Glush in the fourth.

Line-up follows:
Wilmington: McGown, 2b; Andy, s.s.; Blackman, 1b; Goldstucker, 1b; Prince, 3b; Meyers, c.f.; Sullivan, r.f.; Jernaman, c; Duncan p.
Nanking: Johnnaber, 2b; Howe, 3b; Merritt, 1b; Dadisman, c; Woods, s.s.; Brown, 1b; Price F., c.f.; Price J., r.f.; McCloy, p.; Glush, p.

Wilmington: Runs 17; Hits 17; Errors 6.

Nanking: Runs 11; Hits 8; Errors 7.

McCloy returned to the mound in the second game and although ten safe blows were made off his delivery he kept them well scattered and won handsily 9-5. He was given almost perfect support, only two errors being made behind him and both being on hard chances.

Wilmington: Runs 5; Hits 10; Errors 5.
Nanking: Runs 9; Hits 12; Errors 2.

The local fans are calling for revenge for the sad showing of the team in Shanghai. It is urged that the Shanghai team be given a return game on the local grounds. The Shanghai club has been offered a guarantee but will not agree to make the trip. Nanking was beaten and offers no alibi. All the club here holds out for a return game. Provided one can be arranged the team will show that it is a ball club and plays a brand of ball considerably better than that exhibited by either team in the 24-14 game in Shanghai a week ago. The Nanking line-up has shifted and been strengthened by a couple of delinquent players who have just reported. And now it only remains to get Magee, the ex-Yale twirler, out to present a strong defense. The offense has proved itself strong enough for the pitching in these parts. There will be a game with the Wilmington Wednesday at 4 p.m.

S. V. C. Orders

Corps Orders by Major T. E. Trueman, Commandant, S. V. C. Headquarters, 15 Canton Road, Shanghai. June 13, 1916.

The Commandant regrets to announce the death of Private G. T. Symons, "A" Co. (British), which occurred this morning.

The funeral will take place at the Bubbling Well Cemetery on Thursday at 7.30 a.m.

The O.C. Artillery will detail a gun carriage with team and the O.C. "A" Co. (British), the firing party.

The gun carriage, firing party and remainder of "A" Co. will parade at the mortuary, Fearon Road, in time to move off at 6.15 a.m. sharp.

Officers and other members of the Corps who attend the funeral, also the band will parade at the junction of Bubbling Well and Carter Roads at 7 a.m.

Dress—Church parade order with helmets; the firing party only will carry rifles.

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Opticians

566 NANKING ROAD

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H. TOBIAS

F.S.M.C. (Lond.), F.I.O. (Eng.)

Mr. Tobias holds the Diploma of the Worshipful Guild of Spectacle Makers (London); he is a Fellow of the Institute of Ophthalmic Opticians (England); a Freeman of the City of London; and the only Optician in the Far East holding a British Qualification for Optics.

CRICKET

S.C.C. v. B.A.T.

A Shanghai Cricket Club eleven entertained the B.A.T. on Monday and yesterday and an excellent game resulted in a win for the home team by two wickets. The Tobacconists batted first and ran up a total of 127. Graham Barrow, going on late, was in form with the ball. In his third over, which was a maiden, he took 3 wickets with 3 successive balls thus doing the first hat trick of the season. In all he captured 5 wickets for 14 runs.

The S.C.C. batted last evening and crumpled up rather badly before the attack of Forster and Peacock until C. S. Cheetham and Tait got together and these two batsmen—especially the latter—played so well that victory went to their side with two wickets to spare. Scores:

B.A.T.

J. J. Ellis, c. Graham-Barrow, b. Monk 13
G. F. E. Norris, c. Langley, b. Monk 29
C. S. Peacock, c. Ross, b. Monk 31
W. C. Foster, b. Pentecost 1
R. W. Johnston, b. Graham-Barrow 15
H. G. Boyling, c. Ross, b. Graham-Barrow 16
F. H. Watson, c. and b. Graham-Barrow 0
L. H. Steward, b. Graham-Barrow 0
J. E. Cameron, c. Pentecost, b. Graham-Barrow 0
R. Bailey, b. Monk 4
A. M. Hansen, not out 10
Extras 1

Total 129

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
H. Langley	4	1	18	—
R. Grimshaw	3	1	19	—
W. J. Monk	9	1	46	4
F. H. Pentecost	3	—	22	1
E. P. Graham-Barrow	5.2	1	14	5

S.C.C. 2nd XI

R. Grimshaw, b. Foster 0
H. Langley, b. Peacock 15
E. P. G. Barrow, b. Peacock 6
D. H. Cooke, b. Foster 5
W. G. Tait, not out 50
B. L. Cheetham, b. Peacock 0
G. C. Ross, b. Foster 2
C. S. Cheetham, not out 21
W. J. Monk, c. Foster, b. Peacock 8
Geo. Howell, c. Foster, b. Peacock 0
F. H. Pentecost, did not bat

Total 126

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
W. C. Foster	9	1	45	4
C. S. Peacock	10	1	62	4
R. W. Johnston	1	—	—	—

Obituary

Rev. H. W. Thompson

London, June 12.—The death is announced of the Reverend Ralph Wardlaw Thompson, Secretary Emeritus of the London Missionary Society.

Lillian Mary Hutchinson

The funeral of the late Miss Lillian Mary Hutchinson took place at 5 p.m. yesterday at the Bubbling Well Cemetery, the service being conducted by the Rev. Father Savary. A requiem mass was held yesterday morning at 8 o'clock at the Sacred Heart of Jesus Church. The pallbearers consisted of the brothers of deceased and a few intimate friends. Miss Hutchinson, who was but 16 years old, and a pupil at the Institute of St. Joseph, was taken to hospital three months ago, suffering from typhoid. Later she contracted tuberculosis. The funeral was attended by a great assemblage of friends. Numerous wreaths were sent.

Mr. George D. Nicholson

The funeral of the late Mr. Geo. D. Nicholson took place at 5.30 yesterday evening at the Bubbling Well Cemetery. Mr. Nicholson was buried according to the rites of the Greek Orthodox Church, and the service was performed by the Shanghai Russian Orthodox minister, Mr. E. B. C. Masin. A great number of friends were present. Mr. Nicholson, though Greek by birth, was an American citizen, and had served his time in the American Navy. He leaves a widow.

Mr. G. T. Symons

The death took place suddenly early yesterday morning of Mr. G. T. Symons, of the Public Works Department of the S.M.C. Mr. Symons retired to bed early on Monday night, and the following morning, when the servant came to awake him, he was found dead. He had been subject to seizures and it is probable that one of these resulted in his death. Mr. Symons came out to Shanghai in 1899 for Messrs. Rex and Co., now Messrs. Walter Nutter, but joined the P. W. D. with whom he had been since 1901. He was 37 years of age and was a nephew of Mr. H. Symons, formerly for many years the manager of the Shanghai Horse Bazaar. He was born in Devonshire.

He was a member of "A" Company (British), S.V.C. and a military funeral will be given the remains at 7.30 a.m. tomorrow.

Jellicoe Thanks Men
For Gallantry Shown

Regrets Weather Robbed Fleet
Of Complete Victory But
Confident of Success

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 12.—Admiral Sir John Jellicoe, in a message to the fleet, expresses his high appreciation of the manner in which the ships were fought on May 31.

"Full information is as yet not available, but sufficient is already known to enable me to state definitely that the glorious traditions handed down to us by generations of gallant seamen were most worthily upheld. The highly unfavorable weather conditions robbed the fleet of the complete victory expected by all ranks."

"Our losses were heavy and we miss many very gallant comrades, but, although it is very difficult to obtain accurate information of the enemy's losses, they were certainly not less than our own. Sufficient information has been received to enable me to say that with confidence."

"I hope to give the fleet fuller information on that point shortly, but I do not wish to delay the expression of my keen appreciation of the work of the fleet and my confidence in further complete victory. The wonderful spirit and fortitude of the wounded has filled me with the greatest admiration. I am prouder than ever to have the honor of commanding a fleet manned by such officers and men."

Italian War Relief Funds

(Red Cross Society and Fund in aid of Orphans, Families, etc.)

	Lire	Tls.
C. Bedoni (11th) ...	36	25
C. Bianchi (11th) ...	10	10
F. Bonichi (11th) ...	50	50
D. Beretta (11th) ...	50	50
L. Camera (11th) ...	10	10
G. Cerutti (11th) ...	10	10
Dr. L. Cugno (11th) ...	100	100
E. Denegri (11th) ...	25	25
A. P. Denegri (11th) ...	5	5
A. P. Ferrarini (6th) ...	5	5
A. Grossi (11th) ...	20	20
L. A. Levi (11th) ...	100	100
G. D. Musso (10th and 11th) ...	5	5
A. Zanella (9th) ...	5	5
Madame Panfili (10th) ...	36	420
R. Weber (Orphans and Families Fund) ...	100	100
Previously acknowledged ...	1,000	523.70 6,399
Handed over to Mr. M. Denegri, Shanghai Representative of the Italian Red Cross Society, Tails 18 and 210.	1,000	569.70 6,919

Handed over to the Italian Consul General D/Draft on Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, London for 134,142 @ exchanges 3/16-3/16 and 71.90 and 72 \$10 and Tls. 18.

D. BERETTA, Hon. Treasurer.
Mr. Beretta having resigned the honorary treasurership, the Committee has appointed Hon. Treasurer Mr. A. Riggio (55 Yang-King-Pang) to whom subscriptions may be sent.
E. DENEGRI, Chairman of the Committee.

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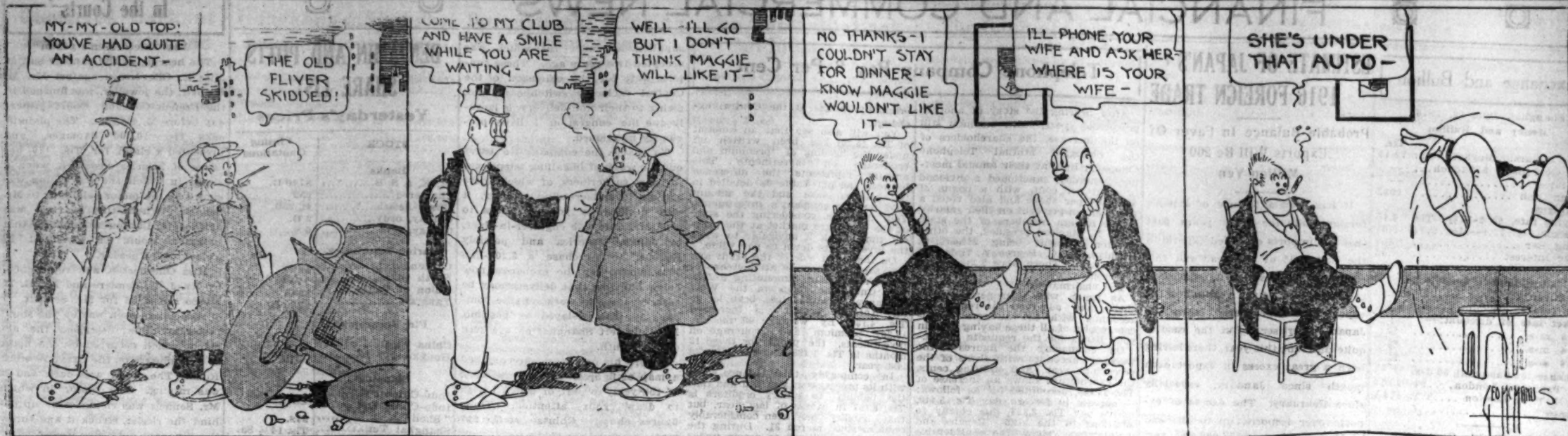
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Bringing Up Father

By George McManus



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A Good Page to Read in the
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The Mysteries of Storm Movements

By Garrett P. Serviss

"The official forecast published in the daily papers often contains an item something like this: 'Storm moving east, will reach about Thursday,' but when the storm does reach here the wind is invariably coming from the opposite direction. Will you kindly explain this?"

YOU confuse the motion of the storm as a whole with the circulation of wind inside the storm. The storms with which the weather forecasts deal, coming across the continent, are technically known as cyclones. They embrace an area often a thousand miles or more across. Within this area the winds have a general circulation around a "centre," which is the region of lowest barometric pressure, toward which all the winds incline in spiral lines.

The direction of rotation of the cyclone is "backward," or against the hands of a watch, in the northern hemisphere, and with the hands of a watch in the southern hemisphere. This arises from the effects of the earth's rotation on its axis. The forward motion of the entire storm, or cyclone, resembles that of an eddy in water. It invariably has an eastward direction, tending toward north-east.

This, too, is primarily, due to an effect of the earth's rotation, but many influences enter into the determination of the precise direction of the forward movement. However, no storm ever crosses the continent from east to west. As a storm arrives from the west or southwest, the first of its circling,

in-drawing winds come from south-east and east; although the storm as a whole is moving eastward. As the storm progresses, if the center passes north of the place where you are, the winds will gradually swing round through south to southwest, becoming west after the passage of the center. If the center passes south of you, the winds will swing round through north-east to north and northwest. The approach of the storm is announced by gloomy, "neuralgic," muggy weather, changing to rain as the central area draws near.

After the "trough," which is an imaginary line through the center, at right angles to the course, has passed, the sky begins to clear, and cooler, bracing weather arrives. These are the general features of a cyclonic storm, subject to variations in detail.

Our Weather Bureau ought to be the best in the world—as perhaps it is—because the United States presents a peculiarly favorable area for the study of the march of storms, where their progress can be followed for days in succession. There is no known land where the progressive motion of great storms is so rapid and regular as it is within our territory.

Then we have what some may regard as a very dubious advantage in the fact that nowhere, at least upon land, are the violent whirling storms known as tornadoes so easily studied in all of their details as in our Central West and Southwest.

These terrific storms have a recognized relation with passing cyclones. They usually form along the south-eastern quadrant of a cyclonic disturbance. Like cyclones they generally move north-easterly, although the motion of some is south-easterly. Their black, squirming, trombes, resembling the trunk of a giant elephant let down from the clouds, are familiar images of terror.

Fortunately their course is short, from one to fifty miles, and the width of their tracks of destruction averages only from a hundred to six hundred

yards. Moreover, experience has taught methods of protection and refuge which have greatly decreased the number of fatalities caused by them. But when a tornado is once fully started there is nothing to do except to run out of its track, which cool-headed observers may often be able to accomplish, or to get underground, in a "cyclone cellar."

It has been suspected, but not proved, that tornadoes are more frequent and violent during maximum periods of sunspots when the electromagnetic impulses transmitted from the sun to the earth are apparently augmented.

The story of tornadoes is one of the most thrilling chapters in natural history. Their freaks are almost demon-like in ferocity and capriciousness. They stalk over the land like sentient creatures bent upon destruction. Sometimes one will drink up a pond at a single gulp. A whole town may be destroyed almost in a moment, or a sudden turn of the swaying monster may spare a threatened farm or village.

On the 9th of February, 1884, there swept between Mississippi and Virginia an invading host of tornadoes, sixty in number, whose career was like that of a fleet of submarines in a crowded harbor. Their tracks were parallel, and sometimes they raced side by side, and sometimes broke into view one after another. Mississippi, Georgia, Tennessee, Kentucky, Illinois, South Carolina, North Carolina and Virginia all suffered from the rush of these howling demons of the air.

"On that disastrous day," says General A. W. Greely, "over ten thousand buildings were destroyed, eight hundred people killed and twenty-five hundred wounded." The cyclones to which these terrible auxiliaries were attached passed gently across the Northern States enveloped in mist and rain, like a battleship swathed in the smoke of its funnels, but not firing a gun!

Little Bobbie's Pa

By William F. Kirk

The reason I was late for dinner tonight, said Pa to Ma when he came home last evening, is because I had a long talk with a advertising riter & he wants me to help him. Help him do what, get hoam to his dinner? sed Ma. Why no sed Pa, he wants me to help him rite ads. Ha Ha sed Ma. That's it, sed Pa, that is all I ever git from you wen I try to branch out & do sumthing grate & useful, I get the Ha Ha. But wen did you start beeing a ad riter, sed Ma. Oh, it is jest nateral for me, sed

Pa. I have the power of express-hun. I thot you knew that by this time.

I never noticed it partiklar, sed Ma, altho you do talk a good deal sum eevnings wen you git hoam. What are you going to rite yure ads about? Dress goods?

No, sed Pa, tho I ought to know a grate deal about them, after beeing yure husband so long. No, I think I will rite my first ads about a famous new drink that has jest calim out.

Oh, to be sure, sed Ma, to be sure. What else on erth cud possibly interest you. Of course.

If I make a lot of munny riting these ads, sed Pa, you and me will whack it up, fifty fifty. I wuddent think of making any munny without sharing it with my deer littel wife.

Well, sed Ma, your deer littel wife wud like to have about twenty dollars advance munny. I want to go & look at a new shirt waist I saw advertised. I wuddent have thot of it, Ma sed, only you menshoned advertising.

Will it cost you twenty to look at this shirtwaist? sed Pa. I shudder to think what it shud amount to if you decided to buy it.

Do I git the advance? sed Ma. You sure do, sed Pa. Here is the twenty. I will give it to you in two tens, maybe you will savi one of the tens, Pa sed.

You dont need to worry about me saying munny, sed Ma, if you was only half as saving we wud be abel to live at Newport. Maybe after you git famous riting ads we can live there anyway. I have always wanted to belong to the Four Hundred, Ma sed, so I cud snub them wen they invited me around.

That wud be glorious, wuddent it, sed Pa.

It certainly wud, sed Ma, and it wuddent cost as much to live there if we snubbed all of them, beekaus we wuddent have to entertain them if we didnt go to thare homes.

I want to live in the country were I can fish, I sed.

Yes, Bobble, sed Pa, and you are

going to live in the country, never fear. That has been the ambishun of my life, to own a nice hoam in the country. We are going to have a grand farm sum day, with horses and a colt for you to ride.

He mite brake the colt's back, like the old story goes sed Ma. Well, deerest, sed Ma, I dont care how much you dream as long as you slip me enuff of these twenty dollar bill. You are a grand husband after all, sed Ma, no matter how often I have to mark you absent or tardy. Then Ma hugged Pa and the twenty.

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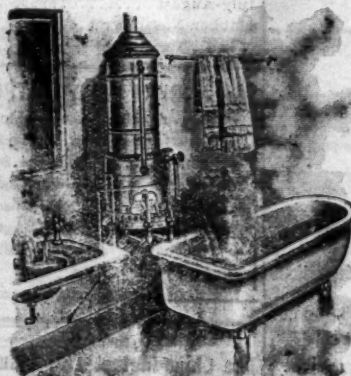
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Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

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Authorized Capital £1,500,000

Subscribed Capital 1,125,000

Paid-up Capital 862,500

Reserve Fund 550,000

HEAD OFFICE: 15, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Bankers:

Bank of England, London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:

Bombay, Hongkong, Madras, Calcutta, Karachi, Penang, Colombo, Rangoon, Port Louis, Delhi, Kota Bharu (Mauritius), Galle (Kelantan), Rangoon, Hongkong, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai, Singapore.

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 1/2 per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BRATH, Acting Manager.

7 Nanking Road, 9753

Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij

(NEDERLANDSE TRADING SOCIETY)

Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital—Golds 50,000,000 (about 14,167,000)

Reserve Fund—Golds 9,237,150 (about 1769,763)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM

Head Agency: BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland: THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin, Padang, Soerakarta, Bandong, Palembang, Tandjong, Babel, Cheribon, Pekalongan, Teluk-Tinggi, Djember, Penang, Tagal, Djokjakarta, Pontianak, Telok-Betong, Hongkong, Rangoon, Tjilatap, Kota-Radja, Semarang, Weltevreden, Makassar, Singapore, Medan, Soerabaya.

London Bankers:—

Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in Tails and dollars.

SHANGHAI BRANCH: Interest allowed on current Tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. I. WYNEBERG, Acting Agent.

THE BANK OF TERRITORIAL DEVELOPMENT OF CHINA, LIMITED

33 Nanking Road; Tel. Nos. 5932-4492.

CHARTERED BY THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT, 1914

"THE PREMIER CHINESE BANK IN THE ORIENT."

Head Office: Peking

Authorized Capital \$20,000,000.00

Subscribed Capital 14,000,000.00

Fully Paid Up Capital 4,000,000.00

Liabilities \$10,000,000.00

Board of Directors:

Chairman: Mr. Wang Yi-tang, ex-Tartar General of Mongolian Frontier and now General Advisor to Yuan Shih-kai.

Vice-Chairman: Mr. Feng Ling-geh, President of the United Chamber of Commerce in Peking.

Mr. Chao, Chairman of the Bureau of Commerce and Labour of the Central Board of Commerce.

Mr. Tao Te-kuang, M. A., Cornell University, U.S.A., ex-Commissioner on Foreign Loans, now Commissioner on Currency Reform and Advisor on Finance to Li Yuan-hung.

Mr. Liu Ming-chee, Financier and Capitalist, Managing Director for the Chinese Frontier Trading Corporation.

BRANCHES and Sub-Branches in the provinces and Territories of China.

Bankers:

The Eastern Bank, Ltd., London. National Bank of Commerce, New York.

FOREIGN AGENCIES:

Amsterdam, Manila, Seattle, Bangkok, Malta, Bombarang, Batavia, Melbourne, Singapore, Benkenen, Milan, Soerabaya, Bombay, Moscow, Sydney, Calcutta, New York, Tokio, Cheribon, Osaka, Vladivostok, Hongkong, Padang, Wellington, Honolulu, Paris, Yokohama, London, Rangoon, Macassar, San Francisco.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept in Tails and Dollars; interest allowed in Tails at 2 1/2 per annum, in Dollars at 1 1/2 per annum on the daily balance of over Tails or Dollars 200 respectively.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

The Bank transacts every description of Exchange and Banking business, issues drafts and letters of credit on the above Branches and Agencies.

Advances made on approved securities and local bills discounted.

C. T. HSU, Manager. YUSU CHOW, Sub-Manager. March 10, 1916.

The Bank of China.

(Specially authorized by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorized Capital \$50,000,000

Paid-up Capital \$10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches and Agencies:

Peking, Tientsin, Newchang, Moukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kailung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanshi, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foochow, Canton, Nanchang, Talyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH, 1 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts in Tails at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum.

For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG, Manager.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Paid-up Capital: Kungping Tails 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Fifty Branches and Agencies in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on current accounts and on fixed deposits in Tails and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

5559.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI.

Subscribed Capital, Sh. Tls. 5,000,000

Paid-up Capital, Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 3 per cent. per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:

For 3 months at 3 1/2 per annum.

For 6 months at 4 per annum.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
June 16	P.M.	Vancouver B.C.	Empress of Asia	Br.	C. P. O. S.
17	..	Tacoma	Manila maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
18	..	San Francisco etc.	Hasei Dollar	Am.	Dollar & Co.
19	..	Nagasaki, Wash.	Sado maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
20	..	San Francisco	China	Am.	C. M. S. S. Co.
21	..	Vancouver B.C.	Monteagle	Br.	C. P. O. S.
22	..	Vancouver B.C.	Empress of Russia	Jap.	N. Y. K.
23	..	Seattle, Wash.	Awa maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
24	..	Seattle, Wash.	Tenyo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
25	..	Seattle, Wash.	Shidzuka maru	Am.	C. M. S. S. Co.
26	..	Seattle, Wash.	China	Am.	C. M. S. S. Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

June 14	7.00	Kobe, Yokohama	Mishima maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
15	..	Moji, Kobe	Empire	Rus.	E. & A.
16	..	Nagasaki etc.	Poltava	Rus.	R. V. F.
17	..	Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama	Empress of Asia	Jap.	C. P. O. S.
18	..	Moji, Kobe etc.	Kasuga maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
19	..	Nagasaki, Moji	Chikugo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
20	..	Kobe, Yokohama	Paul Lecat	Jap.	C. M. S. S. Co.
21	..	Nagasaki, Moji etc.	Yawata maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
22	..	Kobe, Yokohama	Atlantique	Br.	C. P. O. S.
23	..	Moji, Kobe etc.	Tenyo maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
24	..	Nagasaki, Kobe etc.			

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

June 16	11.30	Marseilles via Cape	Katori maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
17	..	Liverpool via Cape	Eurybates	Br.	B. & S.
18	..	Marseilles via Suez	Magellan	Fr.	Gie M. M.
19	..	Liverpool via Suez	Idoneus	Br.	P. & O.
20	..	Marseilles via Suez	Kashima maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
21	..	London, Marseilles via Cape	Paul Lecat	Fr.	Gie M. M.
22	..	London via Cape	Phonix	Br.	B. & S.
23	..	London via Cape	Atlantique	Fr.	Gie M. M.
24	..	Marseilles			

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

June 14	A.M.	Hongkong, Canton	Kwangtsh	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
15	..	Swatow	Hsin Pekin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
16	..	Swatow	Hsinchang	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
17	..	Hongkong, Canton	Anhui	Br.	B. & S.
18	..	Hongkong	Sado maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
19	..	Hongkong	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
20	..	Amoy, Swatow	Tamsui	Br.	B. & S.
21	..	Hongkong, Canton	Luchow	Br.	B. & S.
22	..	Hongkong, Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
23	..	Hongkong	Persia maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
24	..	Takao, Formosa	Koshing maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
25	..	Hongkong	Monteagle	Br.	C. P. O. S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

June 14	D.L.	Haichow, Echong	Chihli	Br.	B. & S.
15	..	Newchwang	Ichang	Br.	B. & S.
16	..	Weihsaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Kingsing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
17	..	Vladivostok	Poltava	Rus.	R. V. F.
18	..	Tsingtao and Dalny	Kobe maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
19	..	Weihsaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Singai	Br.	B. & S.
20	..	Tientsin, Dalny	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
21	..	Weihsaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Joshin maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
22	..	Weihsaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

June 14	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tachi maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
15	..	do	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
16	..	do	Nagasaki	Br.	B. & S.
17	..	do	Yohyang maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
18	..	do	Lueho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
19	..	do	Hsinfong	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
20	..	do	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
21	..	do	Suifu	Br.	J. M. & Co.
22	..	do	Taiwan	Br.	B. & S.
23	..	do	Lusay	Br.	B. & S.

*A.M. M.N.—Midnight. D.L.—Daylight.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
June 13	Ningpo	Kiangteen	2012	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KIYW
13	Wenchow	Poochi	631	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KIYW
13	Hongkong	Bombay maru	3196	Jap.	N. Y. K.	
13	Swatow	Wanchow	560	Br.	B. & S.	
13	Hankow	Kiangshin	1210	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KIYW
13	Hankow	Yohyang maru	1917	Jap.	N. K. K.	NYKW
13	Chinwangtao	Neisel maru	1629	Jap.	K. M. A.	
13	Hankow	Kaiping	378	Br.	K. M. A.	

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
June 13	Chefoo, Tientsin	Hsinchi	1385	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
13	Marseilles, London	Nagoya	4250	Br.	P. & O.
13	Hankow etc.	Tale maru	1128	Jap.	N. K. K.
13	Hankow etc.	Kiangwab	2321	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
13	Japan	Chikugo maru	1449	Jap.	N. Y. K.
13	Dairen	Sakaki maru	1346	Jap.	S. M. R.
13	Hongkong, Canton	Chenan	2200	Br.	B. & S.
13	Weihsaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Shengking	1034	Br.	B. & S.
13	Chefoo, Newchwang	Toonua	943	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
13	Ningpo	Kiangteen	2012	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.

Clearances

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
June 13	Hankow etc.	Loongwo	2884	Br.	J. M. & Co.
13	Hongkong, Canton	Kwangtsh	1336	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Men	Commander
U.S.	April 8	Cruise	Brooklyn	Am. Cru.	9215	20	500	Day
Int. D.W.	June 5	Cruise	Cincinnati	Am. Cru.	3213	17	293	Fewell
*Flagship, Far Eastern Squadron.								
Admiral A. H. Winterhalter in command.								
The French gunboats D. de Lagree and Decolde, the Japanese gunboats Fushimi, Sumida and Toba, and the British gunboat Woodlark are not included in this list, being dismantled.								

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW AND PORTS.—The Co's Str. Tachi Maru, Captain Y. Matsumoto, will be despatched from the Pootung N.K.K. Wharf on Wednesday, June 14 at midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW AND PORTS.—The Str. Kiangfoo, Capt. A. S. Malcoha, will leave Wednesday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

HANKOW AND PORTS.—The Co's Str. Yohyang Maru, Captain A. E. Inwood, will be despatched from the Pootung N.K.K. Wharf on Thursday, June 15 at midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

For Southern Ports

HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The Str. Kwangtsh, Capt. C. Stewart, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

AMOI AND SWATOW.—The str. Hainchang, Capt. Wm. Munro, will leave on Thursday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

TAKAO (Formosa) via POOCHOW and KIELUNG.—The Str. Keelung Maru, Captain K. Saito, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtsepooh wharf on 22nd inst. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, Agents, No. 5, The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HONGKONG.—The s.s. Persia Maru, will be despatched on Thursday, June 22. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. For passage apply to The American Trading Company.

For Northern Ports

TSINGTAO, TIENTSIN AND DAIREN.—The Str. Joshin Maru, Captain T. Narushima, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtsepooh wharf on 19th inst. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, Agents, No. 5, The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU.—The s.s. Tenyo Maru 22,000 tons, Capt. H. S. Smith, will be despatched on Friday, July 21, 1916. Passengers booked to all points in America, and ports in Great Britain and Europe. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

For Japan

NAGASAKI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.—The s.s. Tenyo Maru 22,000 tons, Capt. H. S. Smith, will be despatched on Friday, July 21, 1916. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

Shipping Items

The L-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Luchow left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien left Tientsin for Shanghai via Weihsaiwei and Chefoo on Sunday.

The L-C. s.s. Wosang left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The L-C. s.s. Suifu left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Haean left Fochow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Slangyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafo Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Nov 14	Hankow	Albenga	2769	Ger.	Garlowitz	USA
June 12	Tsingtao	Arabien	3004	Dan.	C. P. O. S.	B XII
June 12	Hongkong	Anhui	1855	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
Aug 4	Hongkong	Bohemia	4252	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B VII
Aug 5	Hongkong	China	8888	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	CMEW
June 1	Amoy	Chiyuen	2111	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KIYW
June 10	Antung	Chungking	1811	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
Aug 8	Hongkong	D. Rickmers	2601	Ger.	H. D. & Co.	USA
Apr 14	Hongkong	Elisabeth	4131	Nor.	Wallem & Co.	B. IV
Dec 27	Nanking	Fortuna	182	Ger.	H. D. & Co.	10 p
June 11	Japan	Fumi maru	1509	Jap.	Sato Shokai	NYKW
June 12	Hankow	Fuyang maru	3683	Jap.	N. K. K.	KIYW
May 30	Fochow	Hankow	1267	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KIYW
June 8	Japan	Hainchang	1268	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KIYW
June 3	Swatow	Ichang	1227	Br.	B. & S.	ONWP
Apr 22	Hongkong	Kwangtee	4081	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KIYW
May 28	Hankow	Kning	2511	Br.	B. & S.	ONWP
May 26	Hankow	Kiangyung	1451	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KIYW
June 11	Hankow	Kiangyung	1490	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KIYW
June 11	Hongkong	Kwangtsh	1336	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KIYW
June 11	Hankow	Kiangfoo	1408	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KIYW
June 11	Hankow	Loongwo	2738	Br.	J. M. & Co.	H W
July 16	Hankow	Meidai	1682	Ger.	Melchers	NGLE 1
May 24	Cruise	Meidai	1682	Ger.	Melchers	NGLE 1
June 2	Hankow	Meifoo	408	Am.	S. O. H.	BOCW
June 7	Hankow	Melan	481	Aus.	O. H. Co.	HYPM
June 12	Hankow	Ningshao	1920	Chi.	N. S. S. Co.	NSCW
June 12	Hankow	Nankin	1719	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
May 24	Cruise	Pacific	727	Dan.	G. N. T. Co.	9 p
July 16	Hankow	Sikang	1549	Ger.	H. A. L.	Int D W
July 16	Hongkong	Silebia	5444	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	S VII
Dec 16	Yangtse	Shubun	486	Chi.	S. N. Co.	KNDW
June 10	Cruise	Store Nordiske	596	Dan.	G. N. T. Co.	8 p
June 10	Hankow	Tungwo	961	Br.	J. M. & Co.	HW
June 11	Hankow	Tachi maru	1284	Jap.	N. K. K.	LPDUW
June 11	Hankow	Tungting	1294	Br.	B. & S.	ONCW
June 5	Hankow	Washang	711	Chi.	China S. S. Co.	CERCW

DOLLAR S. S. LINE
Pacific Service

PROPOSED SAILINGS

S. S. Hazel Dollar . . . about June 28th

Will accept cargo for San Francisco, San Pedro, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and Vancouver.

Through Bills of Lading issued to the principal cities of the United States and Canada.

For further information as to freight rates, apply to

THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO.

Union Building, corner of Canton Road and Bund

Telephone 2331.

Sicawei Weather Report

12.—The depression shown on the China Sea is stationary between Luson and Hainan. The one in the Yangtze Valley proceeds towards the Sea. Cyclonic circulations around both centers. Fine weather and intense heat at Shanghai.

13.—Cloudy and damp weather at Shanghai. The breeze is slowly veering to the S. and the pressure still decreasing.

Meteorological Readings

Tuesday, June 13, 1916

WEATHER		4 a.m.	9 a.m.
Bar. at Centig. mm.	751.72	752.77	
" "	29.00	29.02	
Variation mm. for 24 h.	14.43	14.51	
Variation mm. for 12 h.	11.70	11.73	
(Direction) " "	22	22	
Wind " "	15	21	
(Miles) " "	8.1	13.0	
Temperature " "	21.7	28.4	
Humidity: " "	62.1	83.5	
Neblosity: " "	5	2	
Rainfall mm.	—	—	
Rainfall inches	—	—	

Canadian Pacific
Ocean Services, Limited

Trans-Pacific Lines

To Canada, U.S. & Europe.

(Subject to Change)

Empress of Asia	June 16
Monteagle	July 4
Empress of Russia	14
Empress of Japan	July 22
Empress of Asia	Aug. 11
Monteagle	Sept. 2
Empress of Russia	Sept. 2
Empress of Japan	Sept. 22
Empress of Asia	Oct. 6
Empress of Russia	Nov. 3

For further information apply to

L. E. N. RYAN,

Agent.

Corner Peking & Yuen-ning-yuen Roads

Tel. 1668

T. K. K.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

Imperial Japanese and U.S. Mail Line.

To San Francisco from Shanghai by Semi-Tropical Route, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu

PROPOSED SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

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||
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DARK TYPE P.M

Auctions

A. LANDAU & Co.

(Swiss Establishment)

Have been favoured with instructions from

The Concerned

To sell at

No. 8b MILLER ROAD

ON

Saturday, the 17th inst.

at 10 a.m.

All Superior Household

Furniture and Effects

Mirror-back Hat Stand, Axminster Carpet, Tintain Carpet, Rugs, Sideboard, Dinner Wagon, Table and Chairs, Jardinieres, Silver Cabinet, Single and Double Bedsteads, Mirror-door Wardrobes, Dressing Table, Washstand, Brass Penders, Coal Scuttle, Brass Fire Irons, Drawing Room Suite, Overmantels, Curtains, Sofa, Arm Chairs, Pictures, Vases and a lot of E. P. Ware, such as Forks, Knives, Spoons, etc., etc.

1 Sporting Gun (nearly new)

On View Friday, 16th inst. Catalogues on premises. 10098

A. LANDAU & Co.

(Swiss Establishment)

Have been favoured with instructions from

The Concerned

To sell

At No. 2056 North Szechuen Road

Opposite the Singer Sewing Machine Company

ON

Monday, the 19th June,

at 10 a.m.

All the Stock-in-Trade and

Fixtures of this

STORE

Comprising:—

Shirts, Collars, Ties, Perfumes, Socks, Combs, Underwear, Singlets, Mirrors, and Show Cases, ALSO

A long line of

Household Furniture

On View Sunday, the 18th instant. Catalogues on the premises. 10098 J-18

LATEST MODES

MME. PRONAY

Ladies' Dress Maker

34 Nanking Road

8082 J-15.

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

SILBERMAN'S DRAPERY AND OUTFITTING STORES

No. 1-B Broadway

(Opposite Astor House)

TENNIS RACKETS JACQUES TENNIS BALLS

Just landed, supplies of the above for season 1916. The combination of highest quality and strength with perfect balance, are the outstanding features of

JACQUES RACKETS

Obtainable at

SILBERMAN'S

Business and Official Notices



Every Single Bottle of Pure, Rich, Creamy Elephant Head Beer has our name on the Label.

Garner, Quelch & Co.

Sole Proprietors.

FOR SALE

TWO Hotel Baggage Waggon. Also one pair of horses, and one pair of ponies.

Apply

CENTRAL STORES, LIMITED,

Astor House Hotel.

10096 J 16

Maison de Modes

3a Astor House Block

Special Sale

OF

Millinery

NOW ON

Startling Reductions

10074-J-15

THE NEW HOTEL

WEST LAKE, HANGCHOW

NOTICE

The Proprietor of The New Hotel begs to inform the Public that his establishment at Hangchow is the best of its kind there. It is beautifully situated in a very cool situation from whence guests can enjoy nice views. The house is large with bedrooms facing the south; the table and wine are first-rate. The kitchen is under the supervision of an excellent cook, with many years' experience in foreign hotels in Shanghai. Travellers to Hangchow during summer months particularly will find in the above-mentioned Hotel all comforts.

PRICES VERY MODERATE

Give us a trial and you will be convinced.

Reduced Prices

"Potosi" Electro-plated Ware and Cutlery

Per Doz.

Table Spoons and Forks...\$4.50

Dessert .. 3.50

Tea Spoons 1.50

Dessert Knives (Ivory handles) 8.00

,, ,, (Ivory ..) 5.00

Walter Dunn & Co.

A. 133 Szechuen Road,

Telephone No. 805.

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Best Summer Resort in the Far East.

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Charges moderate. Suitable for families.

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NOTICE

Americans are invited to meet at the American Consulate-General on Thursday, June 15, at 5.15 p.m., for the purpose of arranging for suitable observance of the Fourth of July.

THOMAS SAMMONS

American Consul-General.

10044 J 14

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED, a young man as assistant to factory manager, living quarters and food will be provided at factory. Apply by letter only, giving particulars of age, previous experience, if any, and nationality to 3-e, Peking Road, The A. Butler Cement Tile Works, Ltd., Agents and General Managers, Middleton & Co. (Shanghai), Ltd. 10073 J 18

WANTED: Lady physician for hospital during present physician's furlough. Address, Dr. Robbins, Chinkiang. 10092 T.F

SITUATIONS WANTED

YOUNG PORTUGUESE, with considerable local experience in accounts and general office work, and now employed as book-keeper, wishes a change of position. Can take charge of a set of books. First-class references. Apply to Box 412, THE CHINA PRESS. 10086 J 16

LADY stenographer and typist (with knowledge of book-keeping) is open for engagement. Apply to Box 372, THE CHINA PRESS. 10017 J 14

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consular, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a, Peking Road, or P.D., 131, Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

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for the summer, one room with bathroom and all comforts 10070

TO LET, furnished, two rooms with bath, facing south, in a detached modern residence in the best part of Western district. Only neutral or German gentleman need apply. Breakfast and supper may be arranged. Apply to Box 392, THE CHINA PRESS. 10040 J 17

TO LET, unfurnished rooms in private residence, Range Road. Apply to Box 355, THE CHINA PRESS. 9966 s.o.d. J 14

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GERMAN gentleman wants well-furnished bed-sitting-room, with bathroom attached; preferably with stable near-by. Please state terms to Box 411, THE CHINA PRESS. 10085 J 14

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WE CAN arrange loans from Tls. 1,000 to Tls. 1,000,000 on first-class real estate security. China Realty Company, Ltd. 9980 J 30

Exchange and Mart

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FOR SALE, one 6-cylinder, high-speed, oil engine 75/85 h.p., quite new. For particulars, apply to Box 410, THE CHINA PRESS. 10084 J 20

FOR SALE. 3-A Autographic Kodak, with carrying case. Almost new. \$40. Apply to Box 413, THE CHINA PRESS. 10087 J 20

FOR SALE, a few treadle sewing machines, prices from \$30 to \$50. Apply to Singer's Sales Dept. 474 Nanking Road. Phone 2736. 10082 J 18

WANTED, three motor-cars, second-hand, 5 or 6-seaters, in good condition. Apply to Box 402, THE CHINA PRESS. 10068 J 15

FOR SALE, A Comet motor-cycle in perfect running order. Price \$260. Apply to Box 406, THE CHINA PRESS. 10078 J 15

FOR SALE:

One or two genuine Coventry-made Premier motor-cycles, 3½ h.p. single or 3-speed gear; highly suitable for side-car work. Also a couple of second-hand machines. All at bargain prices. Apply to Box 324, THE CHINA PRESS.

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TO LET, furnished, housekeeping flat, near English and French trams. Western district. Rent 35 Taels month. Apply to Box 409, THE CHINA PRESS. 10085 J 16

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TO LET, 6-roomed house, central. Cheap rental. Fittings must be taken over. Furniture optional. Apply to Box 404, THE CHINA PRESS. 10076 J 15

HOUSE to let, 110 Avenue Road, 7-roomed residence, with closed-in verandahs, stables, tennis court and all modern conveniences. Occupation August 1st. Apply to No. 10 Yang-tszepoo Road. 10077 J 25